SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

CHRISTOPHER S. FERGUSON, and DOES 1 through 5, inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE): JEANETTE BUNN FOR COURT USE L (SOLO PARA USO DE LA

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral services. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta una respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio do observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio de observado en contacto de la corte o el colegio de observado en contacto con la corte o el colegio en contact

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The name and address of (El nombre y dirección de l	he court is:	CAS	E NUMBER: nero del Caso): G 543652
330 West Broadway, The name, address, and to	San Diego, CA 92101		
Fred C. James (Bar # (Guevara, Phippard &)	169040) ames P.C	ndante, o del demandan	te que no tiene abogado, es): Phone No. (619) 531-0123
(Fecha) MAR 0 2 201	10	k, by luse	Fax No. (619) 544-0056 Deputy
(Para prueba de entrega de	esta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED:	ce of Summone /DOS /	010)).
Safe Additional Control of the Contr	as an individual defendant. as the person sued under the f		y):
SAN OF CO.	3. on behalf of (specify): under: CCP 416.10 (corporation	on) —	CCP 416 60 (min)
	CCP 416.20 (defunct c	orporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
	4 other (specify): 4 by personal delivery on (date):		

Page 1 of 1

	Fred C James #60040	Ct. ···		
	GUEVARA PHIPPARD & IAMES	•		
2	Fiolessional Corporation			
	San Diego, California 92101-2433 (619) 531-0123 Fax: (619) 544-0056			
4	(615) 544-0050			
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff JEANETTE BUNN			
6	JEINIETTE BOINN			
7				
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
9	1 i	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, CENTRAL DIVISION		
10		, -2Tulk bivision		
11	JEANETTE BUNN,) Case No. GIC		
	Plaintiff,) 84.3652		
12	v.) COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES		
13		1. ABUSE OF PROCESS2. VIOLATION OF RUSINESS AND I		
14	CHRISTOPHER S. FERGUSON, and DOES 1 through 5, inclusive,	PROFESSIONS CODE 817200		
15	Defendant.	ET SEQ.—UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICE INTENTIONAL INFLICTION		
16		3. INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS		
17		DEPT:		
18	COMES NOW Plaintiff JEANETTE BI	JUDGE: COMES NOW Plaintiff IF A NETTE DIDDLE		
19	Defendant CHRISTOPHER S. FEDGUSON	COMES NOW Plaintiff JEANETTE BUNN to complain and allege against Defendant CHRISTOPHER S. FERGUSON as follows:		
20				
21	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS			
22	1. Plaintiff JEANETTE BUNN ("Plaintiff or Bunn") is, and at all times			
23	mentioned herein was, an individual residing in San Diego County.			
#	2. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant			
24	CHRISTOPHER S. FERGUSON ("Defendant or Ferguson") is, and at all times			
25	mentioned herein was, an individual residing in Salt Lake City, Utah.			
26	///			
27	///			

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- 3. Plaintiff alleges that San Diego County is the proper venue because Defendant submitted himself to this jurisdiction when he applied for and obtained a sister-state judgment against Plaintiff in this Court, in Case No. IC 832345.
- 4. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, associations, partnerships, corporations, or otherwise of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 5, inclusive, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and Plaintiff will amend her complaint when the true names of such defendants have been ascertained.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges, that the defendants, including those named as DOES, were at all times relevant herein the agents, servants, and/or employees of their co-defendants, and each of them, and in doing the things herein alleged, were acting at least in part within the course and scope of their authority as such agents, servants and/or employees of their co-defendants, and each of them.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges, that the acts and/or omissions of defendants, including those named as DOES, were authorized and/or ratified by officers, directors, and/or managing agents of defendants, and each of them.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Abuse of Process)

- 7. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 6 as though fully set forth herein.
- 8. On January 23, 2004, Ferguson filed a small claims proceeding in the Third District Court, State of Utah, against Bunn seeking \$3,630.00 for an alleged violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 (47 U.S.C. §227). It appears from the affidavit and order in the small claims court that Ferguson alleged and

 represented to the Utah court that he had received an unsolicited business advertisement via his fax machine from Bunn, personally, and that, by this act, she violated three separate laws: a statute of the United States, a Federal Communications Commission regulation, and a Utah statute.

- 9. Bunn is the President of JD&T Enterprises, Inc., a California corporation, dba Travel To Go (hereinafter "Travel To Go"). In January of 2004, Ferguson addressed a letter to Travel To Go as "Jeanette Bunn-Travel To Go." Bunn's name does not appear in any company sponsored advertisements. Bunn is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the only way Ferguson could have gotten Bunn's name is to access California corporate or other business records available to the public. As acknowledged by the way he addressed the letter, the purported act upon which Ferguson based his lawsuit was, at best, a corporate act. Ferguson had knowledge of that fact, but he misled the Utah court by suppressing that fact and instead, by naming Bunn personally.
- 10. The Utah statute for service of process on an out-of-state defendant provides that an individual can be served by mail only if the defendant personally signs a receipt indicating that delivery of the summons and complaint was effected. Rule 4(d)(2), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. The Utah Rules of Civil Procedure further mandate that the proof of service on an individual made pursuant to Rule 4(d)(2) shall include a receipt signed by the defendant. Rule 4(e)(1), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. A copy of Rule 4 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by reference.
- 11. In addition, the rules of the Utah small claims court require that, if a plaintiff serves the defendant by mail, the certificate of receipt must be signed by the defendant. The rules provide that an "example would be registered or certified mail with return receipt requested to be signed by the addressee only." A copy of the Utah Small Claims Affidavit and Order with the Rules setting forth the requirements for

proof of service on a defendant by mail is attached hereto as Exhibit "B" and incorporated herein by reference.

- 12. Ferguson represented to the Utah small claims court that he had effected service of process on Bunn by mail and that he had complied with both Rule 4 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and the Utah Small Claims Court Rules when he had not. He did this by filing with the court a proof of service with a return receipt that was signed not by the Defendant, but by an individual named "C. Talbot." The return receipt was not signed by the "Defendant" or the "Addressee only" as required by law.
- 13. This fact is confirmed by the return receipt provided by the U.S. Postal Service as well as the proof of service filed with the Utah small claims court. The U.S. Postal Service return receipt is attached hereto as **Exhibit "C"** and incorporated herein by reference. The alleged service of process on Bunn was not valid. With personal knowledge that the service was not valid, Ferguson thereafter obtained a small claims judgment by default on March 9, 2004.
- 14. After judgment was entered against Bunn, Ferguson brought a motion before the Utah small claims court to require Bunn to appear for a judgment debtor's exam. There is nothing in the Utah court file that indicates Bunn was served with this motion. When she failed to appear on April 29, 2004, for the exam, Ferguson had the court issue a bench warrant for her arrest. On May 17, 2004, Ferguson delivered the bench warrant to the San Diego Sheriff's office with instructions to process it on Bunn.
- 15. Ferguson then made application to the San Diego Superior Court for entry of judgment on the sister-state judgment, designated as Case No. IC 832345. On July 6, 2004, the San Diego Court entered judgment against Bunn in the amount of \$3,730.52.
- 16. Bunn brought a motion to set aside the sister-state judgment. Ferguson was properly and timely served with notice of the motion. The court granted Bunn's motion and on September 21, 2004, entered an order vacating the judgment on the

grounds that no personal jurisdiction over Bunn existed in the Utah case; and that she was not served with process in accordance with Utah law.

- 17. Ferguson misused the court process to obtain a judgment against Bunn, in an attempt to coerce her to pay monies she was not obligated to pay. In addition to filing the action in a distant forum without personal jurisdiction over Bunn, Ferguson misrepresented to the court that he had effected service of process, and then he used the wrongfully obtained judgment to cause a bench warrant to be issued for Bunn's arrest. Ferguson's actions constituted "distant forum abuse" in that he sued Bunn in a distant location with the ulterior purpose to obtain a collateral advantage over Bunn by depriving her of the opportunity to defend herself in order to coerce a default judgment and inequitable settlement based on a false claim.
- 18. As a proximate result of the actions of Ferguson, Bunn has been generally damaged in an amount to be proved at time of trial.
- 19. At all times mentioned herein, Ferguson acted willfully with the wrongful intention of injuring Bunn and from an improper or evil motive amounting to malice. Bunn is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from Ferguson.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Business and Professions Code §17200, et seq.— Unfair Business Practice)

- 20. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 19 as though fully set forth herein.
- 21. Defendant's acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures constituted unfair and fraudulent business acts and practices within the meaning of California Business and Professions Code §17200, et seq.
- 22. Defendant has engaged in unfair and fraudulent business acts and practices by employing an ostensibly legitimate legal process to sue Plaintiff, and others similarly situated, on false, unprovable claims in a distant forum to deprive them of

basic opportunities which should be afforded all litigants. Defendant did so in furtherance of a scheme devised by Defendant which would benefit him financially, but which would be detrimental to Plaintiff, and did so with the intent to coerce Plaintiff, and others similarly situated, to enter into a settlement with Ferguson on his small claims cases.

- 23. In this case, Ferguson misused the court process by misrepresenting to the small claims court that (1) Bunn was the real party in interest (2) Ferguson had effected service of process on her and (3) that the court had personal jurisdiction over Bunn. Ferguson further misused the court process by having a warrant issued for her arrest, requesting that the San Diego Sheriff serve her with the warrant at her business, and by obtaining a sister-state judgment in San Diego.
- 24. Defendant has engaged in a fraudulent business act or practice in that the representations and omissions of material fact described herein have a tendency and likelihood to deceive the court, the individuals wrongfully sued, and the general public.
- 25. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant performed the herein alleged acts for the purpose of gaining a financial advantage to the detriment of Plaintiff. Defendant has also engaged in an unfair business act or practice in that the justification for performing the acts alleged herein is outweighed by the gravity of the resulting harm, particularly considering the available alternatives, and offends public policy, is unscrupulous and unethical, and has caused damage to Plaintiff's business and reputation, as well as to others similarly situated. Accordingly, Defendant has violated §17200's proscription against engaging in an unfair business act or practice.
- 26. As a direct and proximate result of the above alleged acts of Defendant, Plaintiff has suffered actual monetary damages in that she incurred attorney's fees in being forced to set aside the sister-state judgment. Plaintiff has suffered, and will continue to suffer, monetary damages in an amount to be proved at trial, together with

interest thereon and attorney's fees, in excess of the jurisdictional minimum of this court. These damages include damages for mental distress, as well as expenditures on legal fees and costs incurred herein.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress)

- 27. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 26 as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. The acts of Defendant herein alleged were intentional and malicious and done for the purpose of causing Plaintiff to suffer humiliation, mental anguish, and emotional and physical distress. Defendant intentionally and maliciously sued Plaintiff in a distant forum that had no jurisdiction over Plaintiff in order to deprive her of an opportunity to defend herself and to coerce an inequitable settlement based on a false claim. Defendant caused an arrest warrant to be issued and gave instructions for service of the warrant on Plaintiff in San Diego at her business, and then obtained a sister-state judgment against her, knowing that Plaintiff's emotional and physical distress would thereby increase. These acts were all done with a wanton and reckless disregard of the consequences to Plaintiff.
- 29. As a proximate result of the acts alleged herein, Plaintiff suffered humiliation, mental anguish, and emotional and physical distress, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount to be proved at trial.
- 30. The acts of Defendant alleged herein were willful, wanton, malicious, and oppressive, and justify an award of exemplary and punitive damages to Plaintiff.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 1. For compensatory damages, according to proof, with interest thereon as provided by law.
- 2. For consequential and actual damages, according to proof, with interest thereon as provided by law.

- For exemplary and punitive damages. 3.
- For attorney's fees. 4.
- For costs of suit and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper. 5.

Dated: March 2, 2005

GUEVARA, PHIPPARD & JAMES Professional Corporation

By:

FRED C. JAMES Attorney for Plaintiff JEANETTE BUNN